TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

Index Number 180-45 – Southwest – 6217 Wilson Blvd – Class III/IV Pump Station Upgrades – Project Definition

PREPARED FOR:	JEA Capital Budget Planning
PREPARED BY:	Anand Mody, PE Brown and Caldwell
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DATE:	February 10, 2016

Introduction & Background

The Big Wilson Pump Station (PS), located at 6217 Wilson Blvd, Jacksonville FL 32210 was constructed in 1980/81 (reference: As Built Drawings provided by JEA). According to the As Built drawing, treatment units of an existing wastewater treatment facility – Cedar Hills Sewerage Treatment Plant – were demolished and the Big Wilson PS (5.6 MGD capacity) was constructed as a part of the improvements.



Two 18-inch gravity sewer lines manifold together into a 24-inch DIP that enters the Big Wilson PS site on the east side of the PS building. The PS building has two levels. The upper level of the building houses an influent screen room, generator room, motor and control room, storage room, and a restroom. The lower level of the building houses a pump room (dry-pit) and a wet well (wet-pit).

Upon entering the PS, the wastewater flow is immediately split into two separate 3-ft wide channels. Each channel used to have a sluice gate to isolate the channel and a mechanical bar screen to collect floatables from the influent wastewater entering the PS. Per JEA's operation staff, the sluice gates are frozen in-place and the southern mechanical bar screen was removed and a manual bar screen installed in-place. During the site visit, the northern bar screen was also not in operation and per JEA's operation staff, this screen needs to be removed as well as a part of this project. The sluice gates at each channel will also be required to be replaced.

Following the screens, the flow from each channel combines and enters the wet well area of the PS. There are three (3) 50 HP pumps (two (2) duty and one (1) standby) in the dry-pit area that pump the wastewater from the wet well into a 16-inch DIP force main that runs towards Wilson Blvd. and ultimately to the Southwest Water Reclamation Facility. Each pump is rated for pumping 1,950 gpm at approximately 52-ft with total PS capacity of 3,900 gpm (~5.6 MGD).

The electrical service for Big Wilson PS is a 480V, three phase service composed of 3# 500KCM & 1#2 Neutral. The utility is provided by an overhead transformer serving the main disconnect located in the Motor Control Center (400A, three phase). The standby power is supplied by a Caterpillar generator (155KW, 480V, three phase) located inside the station building. The generator is fed from a 1,000 gallon above ground diesel fuel tank located outside. The standby feeder runs from the generator control panel main breaker to the automatic transfer switch located in the MCC.



Big Wilson PS – Northeast Part of the Building

SOUTHWEST - 6217 WILSON BLVD - CLASS III/IV PUMP STATION UPGRADES - PROJECT DEFINITION



Big Wilson PS - North Part of the Building

Justification

JEA utilizes a percentage scoring system for evaluating their PSs. A percentage score of greater than 50% identifies the PS as requiring attention (needing improvements). The Big Wilson PS scored 57% during JEA's recent inspection and observations. The existing pumps, motors, and many components at this PS were installed in 1980/81. JEA indicated that these have reached the end of their useful life and or need improvements to handle additional future flows to meet the current industry standards. JEA also desires to upgrade the electrical and instrumentation equipment as it is antiquated and needs improvements to bring to current industry standards. For these reasons, JEA desires to rehabilitate this existing PS.

The purpose of this document is to serve as the project definition (PD) for the Big Wilson PS evaluation. This project definition provides, background and justification, defines the project scope, provides a preliminary evaluation of the PS, provides a schedule for design and construction and estimates the anticipated capital costs for the work.

Scope

JEA tasked Brown and Caldwell (BC) to evaluate the PS with respect to the following disciplines – civil, mechanical, electrical, instrumentation and structural. As a part of JEA's PS inspection, JEA has identified the following issues with the Big Wilson PS:

- Water draining down the stairwell into the wet well area
- Only one ventilation fan is working.
- Lighting in the wet well area is poor.
- Potable wash down water piping in wet well area requires replacement.
- Sluice gates and actuators require replacement.
- Bolts in stairwell to wet well need replacement.
- Blower requires replacement.
- 1970s vintage electrical requires evaluation.

084-17 Appendix C Project Definition

These items were evaluated and confirmed as part of Brown and Caldwell's overall assessment of the facility. The following are the functional improvements identified in the multi discipline assessment.

Functional Improvements

The following functional improvements are recommended:

- Rain pouring down the stairwell into the wet well area This area was identified by JEA and BC observed the area for leaks. The threshold of the doorway into the wet well area is clearly not sealed and would allow the deck slab to drain directly into the inside of the building down a corridor to the wet well stair. BC recommends that a replacement door and threshold be installed. For this work, FRP doors and frames should be utilized. Replace other doors beyond their useful life as required. See photos 1 and 2 in Appendix A.
- 2. Ventilation fan The existing non-working ventilation fan will be replaced with a new in-kind ventilation fan to provide adequate ventilation in the motor and control room. See photo no. 3 in Appendix A.

The ventilation system needs to be evaluated per Sections 7 and 13 of NFPA 820, 2016 and also meet JEA airflow Standard of 30 air changes per hour (ACH) for dry pit areas and 60 ACH for the wet well areas. Per the JEA operational staff, the existing ventilation system does not meet these requirements. Hence, the ventilation system will need to be upsized.

3. Poor lighting in wet well area – During the site visit, it was observed that a number of light fixtures were not working; most likely due to corrosion (see photo 4 & 5 in Appendix A). Per JEA operation staff, JEA prefers the LED lighting as manufactured by RAB Lighting, Inc.

As both the screen room and the wet well area are classified as Class 1, Division 1, it is recommended that all lights and conduits in this area be replaced with appropriate fixtures while also adding additional lighting in the wet well area.

It is recommended that the lighting on the building exterior and throughout the interior should be updated and replaced with high efficiency LED type along with the respective raceway, wiring, and devices for the lighting. This also applies to emergency lighting and exit signs.

- 4. Potable water connection in wet well area During the discussions with JEA operational staff, there is no potable water connections in the wet well area. BC recommends that a new potable water pipe along with a backflow preventer be installed in the wet well area with at least two connections.
- 5. Sluice gates During the site visit it was observed that both the sluice gates located in the wet well area were frozen in-place. The actuators located in the upper level screen room were also frozen (see photo 6 & 7 in Appendix A). It is recommended that these gates be replaced with new 30-inch sluice gates with new actuators and disconnects that are appropriate under Class 1 Division 1 environment conditions per JEA Standards.
- 6. Stair Bolts It was observed that the bolts in the stair well to the wet well area were all corroded. These bolts can be replaced with new corrosion resistant bolts of 316SS or duplex stainless steel. However, with entry into the confined space, the designer of the improvements should evaluate if a full replacement with FRP stairs should be included and if the replacement of the entire guardrail system within the confined space area should be included. See photo 8 in Appendix A.
- Blower replacement During the site visit, JEA operational staff indicated that the non-functioning blower was recently replaced under the maintenance program. It will have to be confirmed that adequate ventilation is provided per NFPA 820, 2016 and then determine if any additional ventilation is required.

- 8. Replace reduced voltage autotransformers for each pump to meet the requirements as included in JEA's Master Lift Station Standards and Section 433 Submersible Wastewater Pumping Stations. The existing Motor Control Center should be replaced due to age, corrosion, and the increase in motor horsepower to include VFD's. The drives will need to meet JEA standards including and not limited to having heat sinks, profibus communication cards, and DV/DT output filter (if required per JEA standard). The new main disconnect, ATS and MCC will need updated ARC flash analysis and labeling.
- 9. Replace controls for each pump to meet the requirements as specified by JEA's Master Lift Station Standards and Section 433 Submersible Wastewater Pumping Stations. The existing electrical control panel appears to be in good condition considering there are unsealed entry and exit points. The PLC is a Siemens S7-300 with a Weidmuller radio. Despite the condition of the existing control panel, BC recommends replacing it with one that includes Profibus communications to the new pump motor starters and meets the current JEA Master Lift Station Standards and Section 433 Submersible Wastewater Pumping Stations.
- 10. Replace electrical panels and cabling in the pump room to meet the requirements as specified by JEA's Master Lift Station Standards and Section 433 Submersible Wastewater Pumping Stations including pump manual safety switches, sump pump control panel, water seal pump disconnects, and flush water pump disconnect.
- 11. Mechanical Bar Screen There is one non-functioning mechanical bar screen at the PS. Recommended Standards for Wastewater Facilities, 2014 Section 42.322 requires bar screens on pump station with greater than 30-inch sewers and since the sewer to this PS is 24-inches, a bar screen is not required.

During the site visit, JEA's operational staff indicated that there is no concern in regards to rags, plastics or other floatables entering the PS and hence screening (mechanical or manual) is not required as a part of the improvements. As part of improvement project, the existing non-functioning mechanical bar screen will be removed. Since this will leave an unprotected opening and the embeds supporting the remaining grating in this area are corroded, BC recommends that an FRP grating system with integral top plate be installed throughout the screen room as well in the channel.

- 12. Paint in the screen room and wet well areas Due to the highly corrosive environment due to the biogenic sulfide corrosion in these areas, a blended amine cured epoxy paint system recommended that would be suitable under the biogenic sulfide corrosion conditions. The existing painting will be stripped and the concrete will be prepared per the paint system requirements prior to the new paint system being applied per JEA Standard Section 447 Water Wastewater Protective Coatings. See photos 9 & 10 in Appendix A.
- 13. BC had limited sight lines into the influent channels but noticed that there is degradation of concrete. The designer of the improvements should review these conditions within the confined space and recommend repairs/resurfacing of the influent channels. See photo 11 in Appendix A. It will have to be confirmed that adequate ventilation is provided per NFPA 820, 2016 and then determine if any additional ventilation is required.
- 14. Modify existing concrete bases under pumps as required for new pumps installation.
- 15. BC observed that the main hatches on the exterior deck over the wet well did not have spring assists or fall prevention devices currently in use at many installations. BC recommends that the hatch plate be upgraded with stiffeners and spring assist/hold-open arms and that a fall prevention net or grate be retrofitted as part of the improvement project.
- 16. BC noted that guardrails are required on all platforms that are greater than 24-inches above adjacent grade. Stairways should also have a third handrail that is not currently in place. JEA Staff indicated that they started to work on adding these but BC should include that as a part of the proposed improvements. BC recommends that guardrail and handrail be provided throughout the pump station. Minor repairs at anchor bolts should also be included in the improvement project.

17. Pumps – JEA provided the future flow and head conditions for the PS as 4,383 gpm (6.3 MGD) at 75ft head. The current pump will not be able to meet these requirements and hence the pumps will need to be replaced. The low and high system curve for this pump station was not readily available from JEA, hence a detailed hydraulic evaluation for the pump selection was not performed to ensure that the recommended pump operated within the Preferred Operating Range (POR). A detailed hydraulic analysis for the pump selection is recommended during the design phase. The new pumps will meet the requirements as specified in Section 433 Submersible Wastewater Pumping Stations.

Replace all three existing dry-pit submersible pumps as follows:

a. Per JEA's Standards Manual Part AS – 603, Flow Serve (pump model MSX), EMU and KSB pumps are approved pump manufacturers. The existing pumps at the Big Wilson PS are the vertical shaft dry pit solids handling type and per JEA, the replacement pumps shall be of similar type. Per the conversations with Flow Serve's pump representative, the MSX pump does not come in the extended shaft version and recommended the pump model MFV which is a vertical shaft dry pit solids handling type pump.

The preliminary pump selected that meets these requirements as manufactured by Flow Serve is pump model MFV. New vertical shaft dry pit solids handling pumps and appurtenances would include three 60-HP pumps each rated at 2,192 gpm at 75 ft of head. Two pumps will be duty and one pump will be standby. The pumps design flow and head conditions were developed by JEA System Planning. A pump curve for this pump is included in Appendix A. Shaft guards and upper level motor guards at the base of the motor are recommended by BC.

- 18. Existing valves and piping downstream of the discharge head can remain. Recommend adding a JEA Standard strap-on effluent flowmeter to totalize and record flow in the PLC via 4-20mA signal from the flowmeter. We also recommend adding a discharge pressure transmitter and monitoring the signal with the PLC via 4-20mA signal to alarm in event of high discharge conditions. Each of these would be monitored and trended in SCADA.
- 19. NFPA 820, 2016 Standards for Fire Protection in Wastewater Treatment and OSHA, 29 CFR 1910.146, Confined Spaces Permit Requirements both recommends combustible gas detection in pump station wet wells. It is recommended to install a new combustible gas detection system capable of monitoring for combustible gas such as Methane. Other gases such as Hydrogen Sulfide and Oxygen can be monitored as desired; this is at JEA's discretion.
- 20. Generator Replace existing generator with one sized to handle the increased electrical load and meets current JEA standards. Using conservative estimate, a 300 KW generator is recommended. Calculations are needed to determine accurately the proposed generator sizing that will meet the requirement with the increased pump motor horsepower. Current standards require engine-generator unit to be capable of interfacing with JEA SCADA equipment and having an automatic exerciser to test the unit on a weekly basis to name a couple. The Automatic Transfer Switch (ATS) will also need replacement in addition to all wiring and raceways between the ATS and genset.
- 21. Diesel Fuel Tank The existing above ground tank appears to be in good physical condition and has UL 2085 listing. Many of the gauges on the fuel tank were unreadable. Recommend replacing all gauges and instrumentation on the fuel tank including and not limited to fuel level gauge, 4-20mA data converter and leak detection to meet JEA standards. JEA standards require 60 hour capacity at 100% at full load above 151KW gensets. Calculations are needed to determine if the existing 1,000 gallon fuel tank will meet this requirement with the increased pump motor horsepower. If the existing fuel tank meets the standards requirements then we recommend the fuel tank to remain. Current day tank should be replaced.
- 22. Grounding With the entire electrical system being replaced to accommodate the increased pump HP, it is recommended that the grounding system be upgraded/replacement as well.
- 23. Bubbler System A new bubbler system has replaced the submersible pressure transducer. Bubbler systems tend to have issues with moisture/ condensation and require a lot of maintenance. We

recommend a hydrostatic, or radar level transmitter. We also recommend backup relay logic using floats or the bubbler to back up the PLC but also the level transmitter/bubbler.

- 24. JEA staff had indicated that they would like to have a hoist for lifting the pumps in the dry pit area. Given the complexity of the piping, shafts and other hangers within the space, this would have to become a system other than a hoist and monorail system discussed. The designer of the improvement project should install steel framing that would accommodate eye bolts and hoist locations to assist with removal based on discussions with JEA staff and the methods currently used to pull pieces of pipe, valves, pumps and motors. Most likely this could also include the purchase of A-Frames in addition to the pick points.
- 25. During the site visit, JEA operational staff indicated that odor was not an issue at this PS and hence no odor control system is recommended. Odor sampling can be performed as a part of the design project to confirm that no foul odor is present at this pump station.
- 26. BC's final recommendation is to recoat the dry pit and electrical room since the existing coating is peeling in locations and repairs have been made without the final coating being accomplished. All coatings shall be applied per JEA Standard Section 447 Water Wastewater Protective Coatings.

Expansion and Phasing

Engineering design for this project will be completed by the end of FY17. Procurement, construction and close out for the improvements project will be completed by FY19.

Materials of Construction

Materials of construction will conform to the latest edition of JEA *Water & Sewer Standards Manual* and *Master Lift Station Standards*.

Location, Site Planning Considerations

Land Ownership/Acquisition Issues

The project will be constructed entirely within the Big Wilson PS property. No additional property is expected to be needed.

Existing As-builts

As-builts of existing construction are available.

Site Constraints

The project is constrained by the existing layout of the structures and facilities, most notably the wet well area and the screen room. The wet well area is a confined space entry and improvements in this area will require confined space permit. Additionally, the screen room due to the exposure from the wet well area is a Class 1 Division 1 area. During the design phase, the determination will be made in regards to additional construction requirements in these areas.

Demolition of Existing Facilities

New construction will be take place on or in existing facilities. Demolition of existing facilities is expected as listed in the functional improvements section of this project definition document.

Stormwater Management

Because there will be no additional impervious area constructed, no additional stormwater treatment is expected to be required.

Fencing

There is adequate existing fencing around the Big Wilson PS site.

Regulatory and Permitting Requirements

No FDEP or City of Jacksonville permits are expected to be required as the improvements being recommended are generally replacements.

Implementation Schedule

The major activities involved in the project are as follows:

- Request for Design Proposal and Review
- 30%, 60%, 90%, and 100% Design
- Construction Contractor Procurement
- Construction
- Project Closeout

Big Wilson Class III/IV Pump Station Upgrades	FY 2017			FY 2018		FY 2019			FY 2020			
	2 nd	3 rd	4 th	1^{st}	2 nd	3 rd	4 th	1^{st}	2 nd	3 rd	4 th	1 st
Request for Design Proposal & Review = 204 Days												
Engineering – Design Duration = 251 Days												
Procurement – Bid Duration = 133 Days												
Construction Duration = 310 Days												
Closeout Duration = 54 Days												

Project Management & Delivery

Stage	Project Definition	10% Schemati c Design	30% Conceptual Design	90% Detail Design	100% Final Design	Bid	Constructio n
To Project Delivery	PEC	PEC	PEC	PEC	PEC	PEC	PEC
	OP Establ		Tre	end	Tı	rend	Trend

Cost Opinion and Expenditure Forecast

A Class 4 Engineer's Opinion of Probable Construction Cost (EOPCC) was prepared in accordance with the Association for the Advancement of Cost Engineering International (AACE) criteria for the improvements recommended for the Big Wilson PS (Appendix B). A Class 4 estimate is defined as a Planning Level/Design Technical Feasibility Estimate. Typically, engineering is from 1 to 15 percent complete. Class 4 estimates are used to prepare planning level cost scopes and form the base work for the Class 3 Project Budget or Funding Estimate. Expected accuracy for Class 4 estimates typically range from -30 to +50 percent, depending on the technological complexity of the project, appropriate reference information and inclusion of an appropriate contingency determination. In unusual circumstances, ranges could exceed those shown.

The construction for this project is not expected to start until FY-2018 and will last for about 12 months. For this project, the anticipated rate of escalation is 3% per annum. The mid-point of contruction is approximately 25.7 months from the date of this EOPCC. Hence, a 6.62 % escalation to midpoint is included in the EOPCC.

An undesigned/undeveloped contingency of 30% is included in the EOPCC. This contingency factor covers unforeseen conditions, area economic factors, and general project complexity. This contingency is used to account for those factors that cannot be addressed in each of the labor and/or material installation costs. Based on industry standards, completeness of the project documents, project complexity, the current design stage and area factors, construction contingency can range from 10 to 50 percent.

The estimate of probable cost below includes construction permits, contingency, contractor's overhead, profit, and mobilization, and bonds and insurance. In addition, engineering services, start-up services, and JEA General and Administrative costs, JEA Cost and Scheduling, and JEA Project Management are included.

ACTIVITY/DESCRIPTION	SUB-TOTAL	TOTAL
Contractor Direct Cost	\$1,823,669	\$1,823,669
Contractor Indirect Cost		\$843,088
Overhead & Profit	\$119,942	
Miscellaneous-General/Special Conditions	\$165,631	
Engineering Undefined Contingency – 30%	\$557,515	
JEA Cost & Engineering		\$666,689
Engineering (10%)	\$266,676	
Project Management (4%)	\$106,670	
Engineer's Services During Construction (5%)	\$133,338	
JEA Inspector (6%)	\$160,005	
TOTAL PROJECT COST	\$3,333,446	\$3,333,446

PROJECTE	CD EXPENDITURE FORECAST BY FISCAL YEAR	
ACTIVITY	FY 2018	TOTAL

QUARTER	1 st	2^{nd}	3 rd	4 th	
JEA Cost & Engineering 10%	\$26,668				\$26,668
JEA Cost & Engineering 30%	\$53,335				\$53,335
JEA Cost & Engineering Final		\$93,337	\$93,336		\$186,673
Construction				\$26,668	\$26,668
TOTAL	\$80,003	\$93,337	\$93,336	\$26,668	\$293,344

PROJECT	ED EXPEN	DITURE FO	RECAST BY	Y FISCAL Y	EAR			
ACTIVITY		FY 2019			FY 2019		FY 2020	TOTAL
QUARTER	1 st	2 nd	3 rd	4 th	1 st			
JEA Cost & Engineering 10%								
JEA Cost & Engineering 30%								
JEA Cost & Engineering Final								
Construction	\$850,000	\$800,000	\$800,000	\$500,000	\$90,102	\$3,040,102		
TOTAL	\$850,000	\$800,000	\$800,000	\$500,000	\$90,102	\$3,040,102		
				FY 2018	8 TOTAL	\$293,344		
				FY 2019	9 TOTAL	\$2,950,000		
				FY 2020) TOTAL	\$90,102		
			PROJE	CT GRANE	O TOTAL	\$3,333,446		

Risks

- If this infrastructure is not replaced JEA will continue incurring long term maintenance expense.
- Higher wastewater flow and head conditions at the PS are anticipated thereby requiring the existing pumps, which have reached their useful life and are failing, to be replaced.
- Electrical and I/C components at this station are antiquated and will require replacement due to the following reasons:
 - New pumps are significantly larger size (50 HP existing pumps vs. 75 HP proposed pumps each)
 - Vintage electrical components are showing signs of wear and failure
 - JEA desires to have the electrical and I/C components be bought up to current industry and JEA Standards
- Replacement of non-functioning door as it creates slippery conditions due to rain seeping in and poor lighting in the screen and wet well areas.
- Other miscellaneous, though important, improvements as mentioned in functional improvements are necessary for daily functions to be performed at this station.

Revision History

Name	Date	Version	Revision Notes
Brian Phillips	5/6/16	01	Revised dates

CP:

Revision #: Date: <u>Scope Approval</u> – The signatures below represent approval for this project. The groups represented must approve in writing changes to the scope, cost, or schedule, prior to implementing those changes.

			
Corporate Planning	Date	O&M	Date
Outreach	Date	Environmental	Date
Others Signature	Date	Others Signature	Date
Rev 1 Description:			
Schedule Effect: Cost Effect: Approvals:			
Corporate Planning	Date	O&M	Date
Outreach	Date	Environmental	Date
Others Signature	Date	Others Signature	Date
Rev 2 Description:			
Schedule Effect: Cost Effect:			
Approvals:			
Corporate Planning	Date	O&M	Date
Outreach	Date	Environmental	Date
Others Signature	Date	Others Signature	Date

APPENDIX A



Photos 1 and 2 – Door threshold and corroded latch/lock set at the Screen Room



Photo 3 – Ventilation Fan to be replaced in-kind



Photo 4 – Non-working Light Fixture



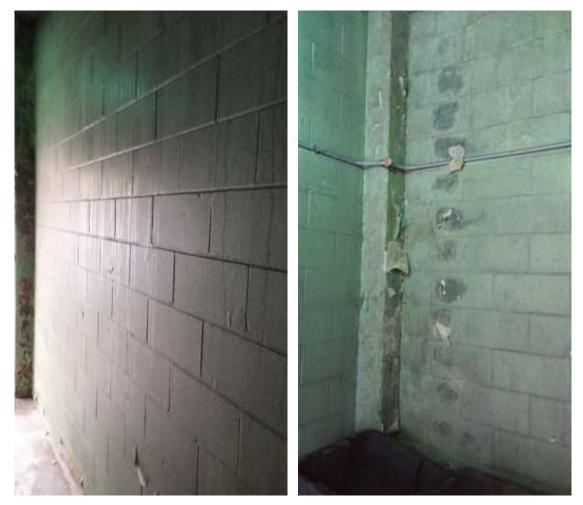
Photo 5 – Non-working Light Fixture



Photo 6 & 7 – Frozen Sluice Gates and Actuators



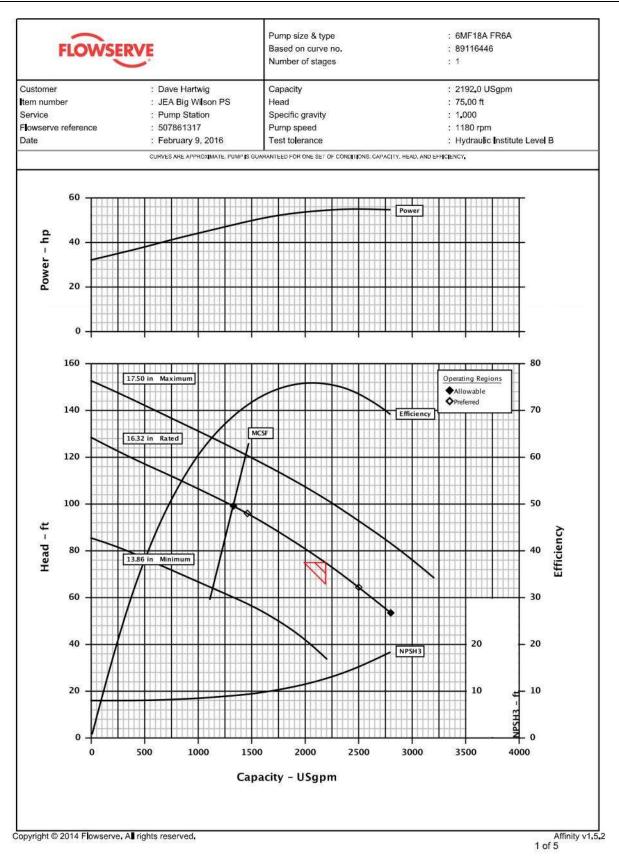
Photo 8 - Corroded Stairwell Bolts



Photos 9 and 10 – Paint peeling from the Screen Room Walls



Photo 11 – Degraded concrete in the influent channel as seen from exterior concrete box.



FLOWSERVE

Hydraulic Datasheet

Customer Customer reference	: Dave Hartw	vig	Pump / Stages Based on curve no.		MF18A FR6A 9116446	/ 1
em number	: : JEA Big Wi	Ison PS	Flowserve reference		07861317	
Service	: Pump Stati		Date		ebruary 9, 2016	
Operati	ing Conditions		1000	Materials / Spe	Malaya and a street	
Capacity	: 2192.0 US	gpm	Material column code	: 0		
Water capacity (CQ=1.00)	(C)=		Pump specification	фн	0	
Normal capacity	: -			Other Requir	ements	
Total developed head	: 75,00 ft		Hydraulic selection : No	specification		
Water head (CH=1.00)	3 -		Construction : No speci	fication		
NPSH available (NPSHa)	: Ample		Test tolerance : Hydrau	lic Institute Level B	5	
NPSHa less NPSH margin	÷ -		Driver Sizing : Max Pov	ver(MCSF to EOC)	not using SF	
Maximum suction pressure	: 0.0 psig					
	Liquid					
Liquid type	: Other					
Temperature / Spec. Gravity	: 60 °F	/ 1.000				
Solid Size - Actual / Limit	(Q)) =	/ 3.00 in				
Viscosity / Vapor pressure	: 1.00 cSt	1-				
L.J., P.		22.25	erformance			
Hydraulic power		41.5 hp	Impeller diameter		40.90	
Pump speed		1180 rpm	Rated		: 16.32 in	
Pump overall efficiency (CE=1.00)	4	75.9 %	Maximum		: 17.50 in	
	2277	1068	Minimum Suction procific speed		: 13.86 in	ite)
NPSH required (NPSH3)		12.6 ft	Suction specific speed		: 8310 (US uni	0.0
Rated power		54.7 hp 55.0 hp	Minimum continuous for		: 1333.3 USgp : 128.40 ft	411
Maximum power Driver power		60.0 hp / 44.7 kW	Maximum head @ rated Flow at BEP	a did	: 2081.8 USgp	
Driver power Casing working pressure		55.6 psig	Flow as % of BEP		: 2081.8 USgp : 105.3 %	411
(based on shut off @ cut dia/rated		ooro heid	Efficiency at normal flow		. 105.3 %	
Maximum allowable		200.0 psig	Impeller dia ratio (rated		. - : 93.3 %	
Maximum allowable Hydrostatic test pressure		90	Head rise to shut off	man)	: 93.3 %	
		250 . 0 psig	neau nee to shut off		. / 1.2 70	
	: •		Total head ratio (rated/		: 73.5 %	
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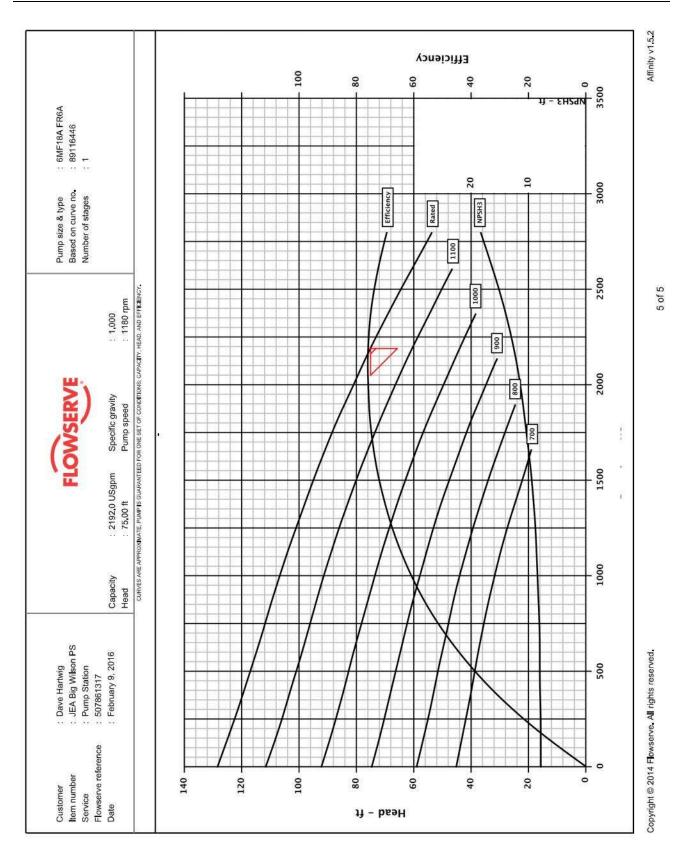


Construction Datasheet

Customer		: Dave Hart	wig		Pump / Stages : 6MF18	A FR6A / 1			
Customer reference	e				Based on curve no. : 891164				
Item number		: JEA Big W			Flowserve reference : 507861				
Service		: Pump Stat	ion		Date : Februa	iry 9, 2016			
	Co	Instruction			Driver Information				
Nozzles	Size	Rating	Face	Pos'n	Manufacturer	-			
Suction	8.00 in	200	5 4 0	-	Power	: 60.0 hp / 44.7 kW			
Discharge	6.00 in		-		Service factor (req'st / act)	: 1.15 / -			
Casing mounting		R			Speed Orientation / Mounting	: 1200 rpm			
Casing split		: -			872	: Horizontal / -			
Impeller type		÷ -			Driver Type	:- <u></u>			
Bearing type (radia	al)	: -			Frame-size / material	: 404VP / -			
Bearing number (n	adia l)				Enclosure	S.T.			
Bearing type (thrus	st)	: -			Hazardous area class				
Bearing number (th	hrust)	÷ -			Explosion 'T' rating	Re-			
Bearing lubrication	1	:) -			Volts / Phase / Hz	: 460 V / - / 60 Hz			
Rotation (view from	n cp i g)				Amps-full load/locked rotor	: /-			
•	31	Materials			Motor starting	: Direct on line (DOL)			
Casing					Insulation	3. 			
Casing		tia .			Temperature rise				
Impeller		: -			Bearings	1			
Case wear ring		1 -			Lubrication				
Impeller wear ring		200 0 2002			Motor mounted by				
Inducer		: -			Sound Pres	sure (dBA @ 1.0 m)			
Shaft		183 - X 625			Driver, expected	* -			
Sleeve		÷ -			Pump & driver, estimated	5. -			
	Baseplate, (Coupling and	Guard		Sea	Information			
Baseplate type		1			Arrangement	2 -			
Baseplate materia		: -			Size				
Coupling manufac	turer	1 -			Manufacturer / Type	·- /-			
Coupling size		: -			Material code (Man'f/API)	:- /-			
Coupling / Shaft gi	uard	: -			Internal neck bushing	1 -			
	Weig	hts (Approx.)				Gland			
Bareshaft pump(ne	ett)	2 -			Gland material	2.4			
Baseplate(nett)		-			Flush				
Driver(nett)		÷ -			Vent				
Shipping gross we	ight/vol.		/ -		Drain	87 <u>-</u> 7			
		Testing			Auxiliary seal device				
Hydrostatic test		87 4				Piping			
Performance test		2.0+			Seal flush plan	10.00000000000000000000000000000000000			
NPSH test		2) -			Seal flush construction				
	Paint	and Package			Seal flush materia				
Pump paint	, and	: -			Aux seal flush plan	* -			
Base grout surface	non	2.5 5.4			Aux seal flush construction				
Shipment type	- hich				Aux seal flush material				
Shipment type		÷ -		720		4 -			
0.5				N	otes				
-									
÷									
<u></u>									
194 194									
-									

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Affinity v1.5.2 3 of 5



APPENDIX B

ENGINEERS OPINION OF PROBABLE CONSTRUCTION COST (EOPCC)



Memorandum

Date: February 10, 2016

To: Anand Mody, Tampa

From: Doug Gabbard, Cincinnati

Reviewed by: Sergio Bazarevitsch

Project No.: 148757.300.02

Subject: Big Wilson Pump Station

5-Percent Design Completion

Basis of Estimate of Probable Construction Cost

The Basis of Estimate Report and supporting estimate reports for the subject project are attached. Please call me if you have questions or need additional information.

Enclosures (3):

- 1. Basis of Estimate Report
- 2. Summary Estimate
- 3. Detailed Estimate

Basis of Estimate Report

Big Wilson Pump Station

Introduction

Brown and Caldwell (BC) is pleased to present this opinion of probable construction cost (estimate) prepared for the Big Wilson Pump Station, Jacksonville, FL.

Summary

This Basis of Estimate contains the following information:

- Scope of work
- Background of this estimate
- Class of estimate
- Estimating methodology
- Direct cost development
- Indirect cost development
- Bidding assumptions
- Estimating assumptions
- Estimating exclusions
- Allowances for known but undefined work
- · Contractor and other estimate markups

Scope of Work

Upgrade the existing pump station which includes, new pumps, controls, lighting. Electrical and instrumentation upgrades, cleaning and recoating the wet well and removing the existing mechanical bar screens.

Background of this Estimate

There have not been any previous estimates for this project.

The attached estimate of probable construction cost is based on the technical memorandum dated 2/10/16, received by the ESG. These documents are described as a Class 4 estimate based on the current project progression, additional or updated scope and/or quantities, and ongoing discussions with the project team. Further information can be found in the detailed estimate reports.



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Class 4: 1 to 15 Percent

In accordance with the Association for the Advancement of Cost Engineering International (AACE) criteria. this is a Class 4 estimate. A Class 4 estimate is defined as a Planning Level or Design Technical Feasibility Estimate. Typically, engineering is from 1 to 15 percent complete. Class 4 estimates are used to prepare planning level cost scopes or to evaluate alternatives in design conditions and form the base work for the Class 3 Project Budget or Funding Estimate.

Expected accuracy for Class 4 estimates typically range from -30 to +50 percent, depending on the technological complexity of the project, appropriate reference information and the inclusion of an appropriate contingency determination. In unusual circumstances, ranges could exceed those shown.

Estimating Methodology

This estimate was prepared using quantity take-offs, vendor quotes and equipment pricing furnished either by the project team or by the estimator. The estimate includes direct labor costs and anticipated productivity adjustments to labor, and equipment. Where possible, estimates for work anticipated to be performed by specialty subcontractors have been identified.

Construction labor crew and equipment hours were calculated from production rates contained in documents and electronic databases published by R.S. Means, Mechanical Contractors Association (MCA), National Electrical Contractors Association (NECA), and Rental Rate Blue Book for Construction Equipment (Blue Book).

This estimate was prepared using BC's estimating system, which consists of a Windows-based commercial estimating software engine using BC's material and labor database, historical project data, the latest vendor and material cost information, and other costs specific to the project locale.

Direct Cost Development

Costs associated with the General Provisions and the Special Provisions of the construction documents, which are collectively referred to as Contractor General Conditions (CGC), were based on the estimator's interpretation of the contract documents. The estimates for CGCs are divided into two groups: a time-related group (e.g., field personnel), and non-time-related group (e.g., bonds and insurance). Labor burdens such as health and welfare, vacation, union benefits, payroll taxes, and workers compensation insurance are included in the labor rates. No trade discounts were considered.

Indirect Cost Development

Local sales tax has been applied to material and equipment rentals. A percentage allowance for contractor's home office expense has been included in the overall rate markups. The rate is standard for this type of heavy construction and is based on typical percentages outlined in Means Heavy Construction Cost Data.

The contractor's cost for builders risk, general liability and vehicle insurance has been included in this estimate. Based on historical data, this is typically two to four percent of the overall construction contract amount. These indirect costs have been included in this estimate as a percentage of the gross cost, and are added after the net markups have been applied to the appropriate items.



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Bidding Assumptions

The following bidding assumptions were considered in the development of this estimate.

- 1. Bidders must hold a valid, current Contractor's credentials, applicable to the type of project.
- Bidders will develop estimates with a competitive approach to material pricing and labor productivity, and will not include allowances for changes, extra work, unforeseen conditions or any other unplanned costs.
- Estimated costs are based on a minimum of four bidders. Actual bid prices may increase for fewer bidders or decrease for a greater number of bidders.
- 4. Bidders will account for General Provisions and Special Provisions of the contract documents and will perform all work except that which will be performed by traditional specialty subcontractors as identified here:
 - Electrical
 - HVAC systems

Estimating Assumptions

As the design progresses through different completion stages, it is customary for the estimator to make assumptions to account for details that may not be evident from the documents. The following assumptions were used in the development of this estimate.

- Contractor performs the work during normal daylight hours, nominally 7 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, in an 8-hour shift. No allowance has been made for additional shift work or weekend work.
- 2. Contractor has complete access for lay-down areas and mobile equipment.
- Equipment rental rates are based on verifiable pricing from the local project area rental yards. Blue Book rates and/or rates contained in the estimating database.
- Contractor markup is based on conventionally accepted values that have been adjusted for project-area economic factors.
- Major equipment costs are based on both vendor supplied price quotes obtained by the project design team and/or estimators, and on historical pricing of like equipment.
- Process equipment vendor training using vendors' standard Operations and Maintenance (O&M)
 material, is included in the purchase price of major equipment items where so stated in that quotation.
- 7. Bulk material quantities are based on manual quantity take-offs.
- There is sufficient electrical power to feed the specified equipment. The local power company will supply
 power and transformers suitable for this facility.
- 9. Soils are of adequate nature to support the structures. No piles have been included in this estimate.
- 10. Flow of on channel will be shut down for a period of 1 month.

Estimating Exclusions

The following estimating exclusions were assumed in the development of this estimate.

- 1. Hazardous materials remediation and/or disposal.
- 2. O&M costs for the project with the exception of the vendor supplied O&M manuals.
- 3. Utility agency costs for incoming power modifications

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BOE for Big Wilson Pump Station P2 2-10-2016

- 4. Permits beyond those normally needed for the type of project and project conditions.
- 5. By pass pumping.
- 6. Repairs to existing Pavements.

Allowances for Known but Undefined Work

The following allowances were made in the development of this estimate.

1. Electric and Instrumentation

Contractor and Other Estimate Markups

Contractor markup is based on conventionally accepted values which have been adjusted for project-area economic factors. Estimate markups are shown in Table 1.

Ni	220102140
Item	Rate (%)
Net Cost Markups	
Labor (employer payroll burden)	10
Materials and process equipment	8
Equipment (construction-related)	8
Subcontractor	5
Sales Tax (State and local for materials, process equipment and construction equipment rentals, etc.)	0
Material Shipping and Handling	2
Gross Cost Markups	
General Conditions	10
Start-up, Training and O&M	2
Construction Contingency	30
Builders Risk, Liability and Auto Insurance	2
Performance and Payment Bonds	1.5
Escalation to Midpoint of Construction	3

Labor Markup

The labor rates used in the estimate were derived chiefly from the latest published State Prevailing Wage Rates. These include base rate paid to the laborer plus fringes. A labor burden factor is applied to these such that the final rates include all employer paid taxes. These taxes are FICA (which covers social security plus Medicare), Workers Comp (which varies based on state, employer experience and history) and unemployment insurance. The result is fully loaded labor rates. In addition to the fully loaded labor rate, an overhead and profit markup is applied at the back end of the estimate. This covers payroll and accounting, estimator's wages, home office rent, advertising and owner profit.

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Materials and Process Equipment Markup

This markup consists of the additional cost to the contractor beyond the raw dollar amount for material and process equipment. This includes shop drawing preparation, submittal and/or re-submittal cost, purchasing and scheduling materials and equipment, accounting charges including invoicing and payment, inspection of received goods, receiving, storage, overhead and profit.

Equipment (Construction) Markup

This markup consists of the costs associated with operating the construction equipment used in the project. Most GCs will rent rather than own the equipment and then charge each project for its equipment cost. The equipment rental cost does not include fuel, delivery and pick-up charges, additional insurance requirements on rental equipment, accounting costs related to home office receiving invoices and payment. However, the crew rates used in the estimate do account for the equipment rental cost. Occasionally, larger contractors will have some or all of the equipment needed for the job, but in order to recoup their initial purchasing cost they will charge the project an internal rate for equipment use which is similar to the rental cost of equipment. The GC will apply an overhead and profit percentage to each individual piece of equipment whether rented or owned.

Subcontractor Markup

This markup consists of the GC's costs for subcontractors who perform work on the site. This includes costs associated with shop drawings, review of subcontractor's submittals, scheduling of subcontractor work, inspections, processing of payment requests, home office accounting, and overhead and profit on subcontracts.

Sales Tax (Materials, Process Equipment and Construction Equipment)

This is the tax that the contractor must pay according to state and local tax laws. The percentage is applied to both the material and equipment the GC purchases as well as the cost for rental equipment. The percentage is based on the local rates in place at the time the estimate was prepared.

Contractor Startup, Training, and O&M Manuals

This cost markup is often confused with either vendor startup or owner startup. It is the cost the GC incurs on the project beyond the vendor startup and owner startup costs. The GC generally will have project personnel assigned to facilitate the installation, testing, startup and O&M Manual preparation for equipment that is put into operation by either the vendor or owner. These project personnel often include an electrician, pipe fitter or millwright, and/or I&E technician. These personnel are not included in the basic crew makeup to install the equipment but are there to assist and trouble shoot the startup and proper running of the equipment. The GC also incurs a cost for startup for such things as consumables (oil, fuel, filters, etc.), startup drawings and schedules, startup meetings and coordination with the plant personnel in other areas of the plant operation.

Builders Risk, Liability, and Vehicle Insurance

This percentage comprises all three items. There are many factors which make up this percentage, including the contractor's track record for claims in each of the categories. Another factor affecting insurance rates has been a dramatic price increase across the country over the past several years due to domestic and foreign influences. Consequently, in the construction industry we have observed a range of 0.5 to 1 percent for Builders Risk Insurance, 1 to 1.25 percent for General Liability Insurance, and 0.85 to 1 percent for Vehicle Insurance. Many factors affect each area of insurance, including project complexity

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BOE for Big Wilson Pump Station R2 2-10-2016

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and contractor's requirements and history. Instead of using numbers from a select few contractors, we believe it is more prudent to use a combined 2 percent to better reflect the general costs across the country. Consequently, the actual cost could be higher or lower based on the bidder, region, insurance climate, and on the contractor's insurability at the time the project is bid.

Material Shipping and Handling

This can range from 2 to 6 percent, and is based on the type of project, material makeup of the project, and the region and location of the project. Material shipping and handling covers delivery costs from vendors, unloading costs (and in some instances loading and shipment back to vendors for rebuilt equipment), site paper work, and inspection of materials prior to unloading at the project site. BC typically adjusts this percentage by the amount of materials and whether vendors have included shipping costs in the quotes that were used to prepare the estimate. This cost also includes the GC's cost to obtain local supplies; e.g., oil, gaskets and bolts that may be missing from the equipment or materials shipped.

Escalation to Midpoint for Labor, Materials and Subcontractors

In addition to contingency, it is customary for projects that will be built over several years to include an escalation to midpoint of anticipated construction to account for the future escalation of labor, material and equipment costs beyond values at the time the estimate is prepared. For this project, the anticipated rate of escalation is 3 percent per annum.

The estimated construction time for this project is 12 months, exclusive of unusual weather or site conditions delays. Construction is anticipated to start 10/01/17 and complete 09/30/18. The escalation factors used in this estimate are calculated from the date the estimate is finalized to the anticipated midpoint of construction at approximately 25.7 months from the date of this estimate.

Undesigned/undeveloped Contingency

The contingency factor covers unforeseen conditions, area economic factors, and general project complexity. This contingency is used to account for those factors that cannot be addressed in each of the labor and/or material installation costs. Based on industry standards, completeness of the project documents, project complexity, the current design stage and area factors, construction contingency can range from 10 to 50 percent.

Performance and Payment Bonds

Based on historical and industry data, this can range from 0.75 to 3 percent of the project total. There are several contributing factors including such items as size of the project, regional costs, and contractor's historical record on similar projects, complexity and current bonding limits. BC uses 1.5 percent for bonds, which we have determined to be reasonable for most heavy construction projects.



BOE for Big Wilson Pump Station R2 2-10-2016

2/10/2016 7:03 AM 148757-300.002 1 2/20/2016	Doug Gatibard			SOUTHWEST – 6217 WILSON BLVD – CLASS III/IV PUMP STATION UPGRADES – PROJECT DEFINITIO
Project Number: Estimate is sue Number: Bid Date:	Estimator:			
mary Report	Station Upgrade	onville, FL Station Upgrade stimate	Doug Gabbard Anand Mody Tampa 1 Sergio Bazarevitsch 0 1/23/16 1 487/57.200.002	PROCESS LOCATIONIAREA NDEX 1 Replace Entry Doors 2 Replace Venilition Fan 2 Replace Venilition Fan 3 Replace Lighting 4 Extend Polable water line to Wet Well 5 Replace Stuice gates 5 Replace Stuice gates 5 Replace Bower System 8 Replace Bower System 9 Replace Bower System 10 Replace Bower System 11 Demo bar screens and replace grating 12 Clean, scrape and paint wet well 13 Clean, scrape and paint wet well 14 Modify concrete pump bases 15 Modify spiring loaded hatches 16 Replace handralls 17 Replace pumps 18 Install flow meter 19 Gas Detection System 27 By-Pass Pumping
Estimate Summary Report	Big Wilson Pump Station Upgrade	City Of Jacksonville, FL Big Wilson Pump Station Upgrade Class 4 Estimate	Estimator BC Project Manager BC Office Estimate Issue No. QA/QC Reviewor QA/QC Review Date BC Estimate Number	Note
Brown				

Duting	Estimate Summary Report		2/10/2016 T:03 AM
Brown and		Pro	Project Number: 148757.300.002
Caldwell		Estimate Is	
	Big Wilson Pump Station Upgrade		Estimator: Doug Gabbard
Estimate Breakdown	Takooff Quantity	Grand Total Unit Price	Gross Total Cost wiMarkups
01 Totals			
01 Replace metal Entry Doors	1.00 LS	17,622.57 /LS	17,623
02 Replace ventilation Fan	1.00 EA	7,968.27 /EA	7,968
03 Replace Lighting and Emergency Lighting	1.00 LS	71,552.31 /LS	71,552
04 Potable Water Conections in Wet Well	60.00 LF	189.12 /LF	11,347
05 Replace shrice Gates	2.00 EA	65,317.98 /EA	130,636
06 Remove and Replace Existing Stairs & Railing	1,00 LS	23,477,25 /LS	23,477
07 Blower Replacement	1.00 LS	121,036.68 /LS	121,037
08 Electrical, Motor control Center	1.00 LS	897,303,70 ALS	897,304
09 Replace pump controls	1.00 LS	364,069.28 /LS	364,069
11 Demo bar screen and replace grating	2.00 EA	3,149.19 /EA	6,298
12 Clean, scrap and Paint Wet Well area	3,952,00 SF	5,96 /85	23,630
13 Influent Channel and Wet Well Concrete Repair	1.00 LS	134,742,31 /LS	134,742
14 Modify Concrete Pump bases	3.00 EA	1,224,72 /EA	3,674
15 Modify spring loaded hatches	1.00 LS	914.75 /LS	915
16 Replace hand rails	68.00 LF	273.44 /LF	24,063
17 Replace Pumps	3.00 EA	237,852.28 /EA	713,557
18 Install Flow Meter	1.00 EA	40,880.56 /EA	40,881
19 Gas Detection System	1.00	26,258,47	26,258
26 Clean PaintPaint Dry pit, Electrical Room	1.00 LS	13,797,83 /LS	13,798
27 Close one Channel Flow	1.00 LS	33,927,36 /LS	33,927
01 Totats	1.00 LS	2,666,757,27 /LS	2,666,757

Project Number 54575/300.003 Editations 54875/300.003 Editation 2022/2016 Editation 2022/2016				
stall Report Station Upgrade	sonville, FL Station Upgrade Estimate	Doug Gabbard Anand Mody 1 ampa Sergio Bazarewitsch 01/22/16	PROCESS LOCATION/JAREA INDEX 01 Replace Entry Doors 02 Replace Entry Doors 02 Replace Entry Doors 03 Replace Lighting 04 Extend Pockale water line to Wet Well 05 Replace agres 05 Replace Bower System 05 Replace Bower System 07 Replace Bower System 11 Demo bar screens and replace grafting 12 Clean, scrape and paint wet well 13 Modify spring loaded hatches 15 Modify spring loaded hatches 15 Replace handrails 17 Replace bump System 16 Gas Detection System 16 Gas Detection System 26 Paint Dry Pit and Electric Room 27 By-Pass Pumping	
Estimuto Detail Report Big Wilson Pump Station Upgrade	City Of Jacksonville, FL Big Wilson Pump Station Upgrade Class 4 Estimate	Estimator BC Project Manager BC Office Estimate have No. QAUCC Reviewer QAUCC Reviewer	Y	
Brown				

Brown			Es Big Wilso	Estimate Detail Report Big Wilson Pump Station Upgrade	ort n Upgrade				Project Number Extinute Issue Dae Date Entimator	AM V0-7 8105-01-5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Phase Estimate Breakdown	Item	Quantity	Labor Cost/Unit	Material Cost/Unit	Sub Cost/Unit	Equip	Other Cost/Unit	Total Cost/Unit	Total Net Amount	
01 Toble 01 Replace metal Ency Doors 02999 ERP Doors & Frames 02999 ERP Doors, Index PERP, commercial, fiberulas, flash, 08-13-13 13 Doors, Index Com, 1-307 thise, 20 ga, 3-07 x	, to 100	3.0 ea	40.06	350.64		ē		390.72 Asa	1.5	1,172
FLP Doors & Frames	,	3.0 EA	40.08	350.54				300.72 /EA	1,172	12
06100 Figh Doors 05-13-13.15 Doors, firs, firsh, 'A' label, 3 hour, composite, 18 05-13-13.15 Doors, firsh, 'A' label, 3 hour, composite, 18	0090 81	6.0 ea	65.43	720.76	, e	*	82	756.19 /ea	4,687	10
08-13-13 15 FRP does, rated, receive, sort and spread, per manhbur FRP Doors	2000	6.0 mb	36.56	720.76	а 	3	66 J.	36.54 htth 802.72 fleaf	215	219
08115 FPP Door Frame 06-12-13.26 Door frames, FPP charmels with andhons and that stopt. © channel@ 4.2b./f. J x 7 door weight 100	ar 0100 a 100	9.0 ea	141.10	64,262	,	11.44		385.32 /es	3,468	88
ERP Door Frame 01 Replace metal Entry Doors		9.0 es 1.0 L9	1,881,10	22279		11.44	A.I.	88) 285,32 8,458,45 8,458,45	3,468	88
02 Rapibace ventilation Fail 22 999 Remove and replace Fan 23-05-05-10 Fan. 3-1/2 thru 10 H.P. or 20,000 CFM, selective	Me 2124	1.0 ca	156.95	to.	ж3	10	82	156.95 /ea	-	157
23-34-16 10 Fans, industrial exhaustor, 2000 CFM, 3 H.P. 23-37-13 30 Grife, Ammunus, air nurphy, aduatable, shgle	5540	1.0 ea	517,63 31,64	3,500,00	4.4	* *		4,017,63 /ka 92,64 /ke	4,018	118 93
Remove and replace Fan 02 Replace ventilation Fan		1.0 EA	706.22	3,561,00				4.267.22 (EA	4,267	19
02 Repeted Lighting and Emergency Lighting 35/05 Remove and replace/Lighting 26-05-05.20 Wang dect, clastic, 3" with electrical demotition.	er. 5810	200.0 #	AC.1	85	£)	£3	23	11 MK 11	-R	568
25-05-05 50 Metal light pole, 20 high, electrical demolition, remove, and contrarie bases		10.0 ea	125.53	-	(a) 10	16.14	ar b	141,67 /ksa	719/1	21
ze-or-11.00 anterior LCD recurse, rugo cer, sursce mouneer, e bars, 555 aatt 25-52-13.10. Erre genov tahing certs, additional remote moant, ceeded beam, 25 W 6 V	unt, 0780	5.0 es	15.56	27.70	e et."	+ <u>40</u> 03	1 200	201	221	221
Remove and replaceLighting 03 Replace Lighting and Emorgency Lighting		1.0 15	10,259.64	28,072.26		161.44		38,483,34 fts 38,483,34 ft.5	38,493	58
04 Polable Water Corrections in Wet Well 22113 Stainless Steel Pipe	10.15	20 au	35.014	00 000	2	3	8	A APR 26 AM	a	ġ
22-05-23 to Pite hanger / support rods, stateless steel both and machine threaded, 1" thread size x 11" long, byte 304	a. 2810	100	2.02	15.09		101	ici i	17.11 /68	1/1	E
22-11-13.64 Pipe, statistess steel, bulk weld, 1-1/2" diameter, schedule 5, type 304, includes weld joint and clevis have henced 10, 00.	evis 0580	60.0 K	10.48	18.60	¥.	0.69	*	29,77 AF	1,786	96

Caldwell											-
				Big Wilso	Big Wilson Pump Station Upgrade	n Upgrade				Due Date: 223/2016 Extimation: Doug Gabbard	is Abhant
Phase Estimate Breakdown	eakdown	ltem	Quantity	Labor Cost/Unit	Material Cost/Unit	Sub Cost/Unit	Equip Cost/Unit	Other Cost/Unit	Total Cost/Unit	Total Net Amount	
22113 Stainless Steel Pipe 22-11-13.66 Tee, stanless steel, staight, but weld, 1-1/2	butt weld, 1-1/2",	0211	2.0.60	127,24	49.50		8.41		185.15 Asa	370	
achedule 5, Mpe 304, includes the well machine 33-11-13.35 Reckflow preventer, tiell valves, reduced	ss the weld machine es. reduced	0600	1.0 ee	48.49	917,76	19	13			8	
press, threaded, 1-1/2" pipe Stainless Steel Pipe		ľ	10.08	19.65	71.36	1	0.97		101.38 M	8,113	
04 Potable Water Conections in Wet Welt	ms in Wet Well		60.0 LF	29.54	12.12		0.97		101.88 A.F	6,113	
65 Raphice stuice Gates 33999 Remove and install shuice panes 11-05-05 10 Phytratic pate, canaf Rap, hinle, side or stuice, 197	ntle, slide or slutce, 19"	2862	2.0 60	418.51	87		05101		520.41 /89	1.00.1	
10.36° diameter, selective demolition 35-20-16.26 http://doi.org/10.06.06.06.06.06.00.00.00.06.16. http://doi.org/10.9688 dointaised wi/Aduatric. 24° x 24°, XXXXXX.Fiscil.	molition nife structures, plastic, Mictuator, 24" x 24",	0160	2.0 es	5,145.11	27,861.60	3	1,528.48	- 33,	34,536.18 /ea	69,072	
Remove and install stuice gates	gates	10	2.0 EA	5,564.62	27,861.60	2	1,630,38		36,056.60 /EA	70,113	
05 Replace sluice Gates			2.0 EA	5,584.02	27,061.60		1,630.36		35,056.50 /EA	70,113	
06 Remove and Replace Existing Stairs & Railing 06909 Fiberglass steps	Builte										
02-41-19.19. Selective demokion.rutoteh handhro.D. 50haul load haul damp mid return hand carea braking 11 - 21 haer stark, cost added Ammilikon rutot	handling.0 - return,hand r stairs, cost added	2150	20 0 OX	45.08	8	а.	×	,*:	45.08 Joy	226	
05-52-13.50 Railing, pipe, Fiberglass, wall rail, 1-12" diam., shop bibrioted	I rail, 1-1/2" dam_ shop	9960	20.0 #	15.05	212.00		1.39	200	233.07 M	4,601	
11-91-13.10 Stair equipment, Renglass, steps, 20 tread count	steps, 20 tread count	0160	1.0 68	1,28850	5,725,00	8	1	*1	7,013.50 /ea	7,014	
Fiberglass steps 66 Remove and Replace Existing Stairs & Failing	disting Stairs & Railing		1.0 LS	2,603.57	9,965,00		18.12		12,59638 A.S 12,59638 A.S	12,596	
07 Blower Replacement 11999 Blower Replacement 48-05-00 00 Blowers, positive displacement, complete w/ motor,	ert, complete w/ motor,	BC-0446	1.0 es	00'000'51	90,000.00	3			- 85,000.00 Ann	66,000	
500 chm		ľ		The second s							
Biower Replacement 07 Biower Replacement			1.0 1.5	15,000.00	50,000,00				65,000.00 A.S 95,000.00 A.S	85,000	
06 Electrical, Metur control Center 2824 Electrical Filout, Conceptual 28-05-33,05 Branch power, to 34* EMT wir conductore, avg. 544	el conductore, avg. \$14,	8015	2,600.0 w	1 00	0.40		÷		140 M	0,690,5	
flour 28-05-80.10 Motor connections, flexible conduit and fillings, 3	onduit and fittings, 3	0500	3.0 ea	163.76	27.70	3 (36)	3	5 96	191.45 /ea	574	
25-22-13.10 Transformet, dry-type, low operating temperature (ID 26-22-13.10 Transformet, dry-type, low operating temperature (ID Deg. 75, and per that 450 V primary 120/240 V associative, 25 VVA	permany 120/240 V	2250	3.0 ea	884 29	4,011.00	0	3		4,895.29 /ea	14,686	
25-24-13.30 Distribution switchboards, 120/2084 or 277/480V, and cod one area	0/208v or 277/480v, avg	2000	120.0 amp	19.67	G.00	۲	(4)	(*)	18.27 /amp	2,192	
26-24-13.30 Emerg distribution boards, 120/2084 or 277/480N, avg. cold over amon	00208v or 277/480v, avg	2010	1,200.0 amp	9.67	8.60	38	3	2.8	18.27 Amen	21,920	
25-24-15.30 Paneboard 3 phase 4 wire, main lugs, 120/208 V. 25-24-15.30 Faneboard 2 cincults, NOOD, ind 20 A 1 pole phig-in boateant	main tugs, 120/208 V, ind 20 A 1 pole plug-in	1000	1.0 m	1,300.43	1,212.13		2.422		2,513.56 /ea	2,814	
26-24-19.40. Motor stater, contension with fused switch, size 1, 10 HP: HEMA 1	with fused switch, size 1,	0091	3.0 60	340.11	620.75	×			95,0.85 /ea	2,883	
											Fage 7

Brown	-				rating used in the participation	100				Project Nursber Estimate traue	
Caldwell				Big Wilso	Big Wilson Pump Station Upgrade	n Upgrade				Due Date Estimator	203/2016 Doug Gebhart
Phase	Estimate Breakdown	Item	Quantity	Labor Cost/Unit	Material Cost/Unit	Sub Cost/Unit	Equip	Other CostUnit	Total Cost/Unit	Total Net Amount	
2624 Electrical Fitout, Conceptual 26-24-19-40 Molor stater, magnet	1824 Electrical Fittour, Conceptual 26:24-19:40 Motor stater, magnetic, 1 or 2 pole, 240 volt, 75 HP	0009	3.0 ea	20,184.52	106,113.12		1		126,297,64 /tes	278,852	101
28-32-13.16 Gener	molor Generator set, dsl eng ind btry, chgr,muf,auto xth	2900	1.D mm	4,964.13	46,890.50		538.44	0	52,493.07 Ann	50/03	63
27-54-13.50 Fireh	eveloting tarte, 200 k.W. Fire/Life safety system, complete, avg. cost per st,	0/00	2,600.0 st	×	4	040	9		0.40 htt	0.1	1,040
Elec	ttout Electrical Filout, Conceptual		2,600.0 af	33.21	\$51.12	0.40	0.25	1	184.97 /st	480,925	125
1 80	08 Electrical, Motor control Center		10 15	36,336.17	392.909.98	1,040.00	638.44		430,924.59 1.3	490,925	225
27 202 Instrumentation an	8 Replace pump controls 27202 Instrumentation and PLC Programming										
1-20-02.00 2-3	27-20-02.00 2" 316 SS, Pressure Gauge, 0-300 psi	BC-001	6.0 ex	58.85	38.20	4	•	3	87.02 Aea		582
27-20-02-00 Wes	Weatherproof Pressure Switch Breezers Transmitters	BC-0016	0.0 es	110.54	1 206 40	103		•	422.82 feat	a	2,537
	Explosion orbot Pressure Transmitters	BC-0031	000	110.54	868.50					8.8	5,820
	Pressure switches	80-0001	6.0 ea	110.54	723.84			1	834,38 Aua	5,0	5,008
	Temperature Switches, NEMA 4X	BC-0021	6.0 ea	110,54	249.26		4		359,79 /na	1.1	2,159
	Fical level switch	BC-0036	3.0 68	442.15	7,627.96	1	Ŭ.	9	7.970.11 Aum	23,9	10
27-20-15.00 lnstn	Loop Checking Institumention, control systems, software, hardware	BC-0006	10.0 60	30,000,00	00 000 00	30,000.00	30,000.00	30,000.00	150,000.00 As	150,000	00
	complete										
BOTH WIRTHAN	Programming Using KO Court	BC-0015	30.0 68	N.W.				AA AAA AA	03/32/100	1,000	000
H B	resonance and PLC Programming		10 18	NO.02 00,000	72,920,79	00'000'05	00'000'00	00.000.00	201,789,85 1.5	042'102	04
emo bar screen s	11 Demo bar ac men and replace grafing										
02999 Demo bar screen 02-22-04.50 Site demo	1999 Demo bar to reen 02-22-04 S0 Site demotificer, equipment removal, mechanical bar BC-0006	BC-0006	2.0 ea	912.83	1	1			B12.83 /ea	4, t	1,826
Demo	cream Demo bar screen	Ċ.	2.0 EEA	912.83				2	912.83 /EEA	1,8	1,826
05999 Fiberglass Grating 05-52-10.30 Fiberglass	9999 Fiberglass Grating 05-52-10.30 Fiberstass carina, modert, orange (hr hathy	1200	10 O M	521	39.48	2	ŧ		44.70 M	1.6	1,609
COM	conceive environment), 2° square mesh, 2° thick		10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1					jii.			
E F	Fiberglass Grating 11 Demo tar screen and replace grating		1.0 LS 2.0 EA	157.000,1	1,421,40				1,509.20 A.S	8,1 4,0	1,500 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)
Clean, scrap and F 1900 Painting & W 09-91-13.90 Paint	13 Closh, scrap and Paint Wet Wall area 09500 Painting & Wallcovering Wet well 09-31-1300 Paints & costings, wels, concrete masorry units	0090	3,962.0 ef	91.0	970		•		0.42 /st	6, t	899'1
10M 09-97-13.23 Pain 09-97-13.23 Pain	(CMU), portous, that coat, wate sproof easier, apray Paints and protective coattering, epory primer, sprayed Paints and protective coattering, epoxy topocat,	0610	3,962.0 #	0.27	0.30	.022			0.58 Art 0.57 Art	22	2,267
Paintin	Painting & Wallcovering Wet well		3,962.0 sf	0.73	0.84			9	1.56 htt	6,1	6,185
900 Painting & W	09900 Painting & Waltcovering Screen Room 09-91-23.72 Paints & coatings, welk & celerus, weeks, concele.	1640	2,432.0 %	0.29	10	D.		٣	1.33 /sf	3.2	16276
al a	prywall of parsee, pace control. 4 costs, spray Painting & Waltovering Screen Room		1.0 %	714.24	2.517.12			1	3,231,36 fef	3.2	3,231

Caldwell .						5				Project Number Estimate Insue Due Date	800 002 787841 200 002 787841 1 1
				Big Wilson	Big Wilson Pump Station Upgrade	Upgrade				Entimator	Drog Gathbard
Phase	Estimate Breakdown	Item	Quantity	Labor Cost/Unit	Material Cost/Unit	Sub Cost/Unit	Equip	Other CostUnit	Total Cost/Unit	Total Net Amount	
09999 Misc. Fimishes 01-54-23.70 Scotfold	0000 Misc. Finishes 01-54-23.70 Sodfolding, steel tubular, heavy duty shoring, frame,	9060	20.0 ea		107,09	3	16		- 107.69 Asa	ei	2,154
Mist.	buy, 6' high x 4' wide Misti, Finishes	1	1.0 LS	,	2,153.84				2,153.04 /LS	2,	2,154
09999 Cleaning walls and floor 05-01-10.51 Coerele cleaning	0999 Cleaning walls and floor 05-01-10.51 Costedo claning, speel saface treatment, 5000 ps	6215	4,000,0 st	02.0	8	(*)			PR 0E 0	30	1,198
Clean Clean 12 Clean	pressure wasenty, 2000 -034 Cleaning walls and 500r 12 Cleani, scrap and Paint Well area	63	1.0 LS 2,902.0 SF	1,198.26	2.02				1,199.26 ALS	11	1,199
3 Influent Channel and Wet We 03995 Influent channel repair	13 Influent Channel and Wel Well Concrete Repair 03995 Influent channel most:										
maufini 92.99.99.00 aufini ufini ct	03-99-99-99 influent channel and wet well concete repair Influent channel repair 13 influent channel repair	MISC	10 LS 10 LS	00.000.00 30,000.00 30,000.00	30,000,00 30,000,00		15,000.00 15,000.00 15,000.00		75,000.00 A.S 75,000.00 A.S 75,000.00 A.S		75,000 75,000
14 Modify Concrete Purity bases 03900 Patching Concrete 03-01-30/52 Patching concrete	Kodify Concrete Puntp bases 1900 Patching Concrete 03-01-30 62 Patching concrete, wals, epoxy prod. 1/2" deen.	2150	16 U 01	147	14,14				21.61.04	14	760,8
03-01-30.62 Furtland	Fridand chepting, observing and aploxy grout Portland dement undertayment, self-leveling 4100	0252	48.0 af	0.13	2.85	13	0.04		PV 2016	122	145
03-01-30.62 Portland	pst. pumped, 1/2" Portland cement tropping, self-level/dty 6100 psl.	2670	48 D st	0.17	12.48	•	0.05		12.69 M		609
03-05-13.30 Cement truckte	cement, pottant, type I/II, 54 B. Bezs, less than Levelsbad or less than cadoad lots, indudes material	0350	8.0 beg	Å	10.13	æ	Э.		10.13 /beg		19
03-11-13:55 C.I.P. ci	CLP, concrete forms, multifoundation, physicol, 4 and includes condition function statesters and stastic	0450	16.0 stca	5.62	0.72	3	3		10 × 10		101
Patch	Patching Concrete	£.	144.0 =	3.21	10.45		0.03		13,71 Ad	1,1	1,974
14 Mod	14 Modify Concrete Pump bases		3,0 EA	124.21	502.27		140		657.38 /EA	144	37.4
15 Modify spring loaded hintches 11999 Hinges 23-82-29-10 Hydronic http://ph	Word's spring insided traches 1969 Hingen 23-82-25:10 Hydronic Hg. 2 tipe multi in conector for heiged	2245	10.0 ea	57-51	35.50	×.	*		49.23 Jea		100
Hinges 15 Modify	Hinges 15 Mndfly spring loaded hatches	1	1.0 LS	137.27	355.00				492.27 /LS 492.27 /LS		492
16 Regisce hand rails 05999 Handraits											
09-69-13.10 Access floo Handnaile	08-68-13-10 Access floors, handraits, aluminum, 2 rail Handraits	1500	88.0 IF	26.07	120.45	2	9		- 146.51 /tr 146.51 /tr	12.1	12,893
16 Rep.	16 Roplace hand raits		88.0 LF	20.02	120.45				146.51 A.P	11	2 48'21
17 Replace Pumps 13999 Replace Pumps 02-22-04 52 Equipme	Replace Pomps 1955 Replace Pumps 02-22-04 52. Equipment damanitroplemoition, delver existing	80-0246	3.0 ea	600.00	1	20	6		600.00 /ea	2	009'1
33-99-30.90 Pump model 35-09-10.00 Pumps gen 46-09-10.00 Pumps, gen	pumps and motors to center 33-96-90.30 Pump modellanexus, wieles and Apputernances 85-06-10.00 Pumps, gen MB, Wimd, mtd on base, spl stage, 60 Lues-Artino-	MISC BC-0001	1.0 LS 3.0 ea	37,500.00	37,500.00	×	4		- 75,000.00 ALS	75,000	000

Brown and			8	Estimate Detail Report	to to				Project Number Estimate Insue	
Caldwell			Big Wilso	Big Wilson Pump Station Upgrade	n Upgrade				Due Date Estimator	2032/014 Doug Gabbard
Phase Estimate Breakdown	Item	Quantity	CostUnit	Material Cost/Unit	Sub Cost/Unit	Equip Cost/Unit	Other Cost/Unit	Total Cost/Unit	Total Net Amount	
Replace Pumps 17 Rapisce Pumps		3.0 LS	25,599.99	102,500,00				128,099.99 /LS 128,099.99 /EA	364,300	00
18 Install Row Meller 33999 Install Flow Meller 22-05-23 30 Valves: pro body, ballarify, lug type, preumatic	0230	2.0 ea	459.72	1,923.08	3	*		2382.80 Jea	1.4	4,766.
operiest. i.s. 27-20-03.00 12" stapp on floarmeters 40-05-19:10 Fating Flanged & Boltech-Cast lines-Redscorr 1 DB-CA 125 16 linech (600hm).	BC-0016 A242416 006100	10 48	3,000,03	12,000.00				15,000.03 /ee 1,117.32 /ea	15,000	5,000
Install Flow Moter 18 install Flow Meter		1.0 EA	1919.47	18,080.78				22,000 25 /EA	22,000	000
19 Gan Detection System 33 999 Gan Detection System 35-90-08 90 Gas Detection System Qas Detection System 19 Gas Detection System	MISC	1.0 LS 1.0 LS		:40	15,000,00 15,000,00 15,000,00		4	15,000.00 AS 15,000.00 A.S 15,000.00	15,000	000
26 Clearn PaintDry pit, Eloctrical Room 08 990 Painting & Waltowering (including Acoustic Wall Panels) 01-54-07:50 Scathodra assembly and deasathiny. OPEN 04-01-302 20 Clearing meaonw, libit restoution. Ibd1 aol, by 04-01-302 20 Clearing meaonw weak, thrach and imae.	BC-0001 0260	7,500.0 soft 7,500.0 st	0.13	000	14	4) 4)	• •	0.25 Ach	55	1.125
ecouctes scattours in the scattor of the scattor of the scattor of the scattory water & cellings, interfor, concrete, drivent or platear, glass coating, 2 coats, multicobr, scatty	1640	7,500.0 st	0.13	0.47	14	14	9 1	0.60 /wt	4,5	4,500
Painting & Wallcovering (Including Acoustic Wall Panels) 26 Clean PaintPaint Dry pit, Electrical Room		1.0 15	3,847,56	3,653.18				7,500.74 ht 7,500.74 ALS	27	7,501
27 Close one Channel Flow 82969 By Pass Pumping 46-06-00 Dinfluent channel stop logs, complete wi frames 46-05-18.00 Pump, onthy, hour mub, honr set, sol sty 4000, onthy, hour mub, honr set, sol sty 4000, pumping and style	BC-0086 BC-0171	1.0 es 1.0 es	2,792,48	419.33	4.4			3,211,51 Aes 15,00.00 Aes	3,212	5.000
By Pass Pumping 27 Close one Channel Flow 01 Totals		1.0 LS 1.0 LS	4,006.89 4,006.89 294,026.55	14,204.62 14,204.62 1,020,209.64	46,040,00	49,254.00	00'000'00	18,211.51 ALS 18,211.51 ALS 1,442,329.09 ALS	18,212 18,212 1,442,325	112

Big	Big Wilson Pump Station Upgrade	Station Upgrad	de		Extinute laser Due Deter Extinutor	1 2022/2016 Doug Cabbard
	Estimate Totals	Totals				
Description	Rate	Hours	Amount	Totals		
Labor		3.570 hrs	256.526			
Subcontract			45,040			
Equipment		217 B17,7	49.254			
Other			1,442,329	1,442,329		
Labor Mark-up	10,000 %		29,62			
Material Mark-up	8 000 %		81,617			
Subcontractor Mark-up	5.000 %		2,302			
Construction Equipment Mark-up	8.000 %		3,940			
Other - Process Equip Mark-up	8.000 %	23	119.942	1 582 271		
Matadal Shineine & Handlere	2 000 %		20.404			
Material Sales Tax	14.0008		8639764			
Net Markups			94,042	1,656,313		
				1,656,313		
Contractor General Conditions	10.000 %	1	165,631			
			165,631	1,821,944		
Start-Up, Training, O&M	2.000 %	t.	36.439	1.858.383		
Undesign/Undevelop Contingency	30,000 %		557,515			
			557,515	2,415,898		
Bidg Risk, Usbility Auto Ins	2,000 %	1	48,318			
	No. of Concession, Name		48,318	2,464,216		
Contractor Bonds & Insurance	1.500 %	1	1967 St.	1000 TO 100		
Excelation to Methodet (ALL)	6.620 %		30,303 165 578	R/L'L00'7		
Gross Markups		1	165,578	2,666,757		
Total				7 666 757		
10(3)				/0007		

Brown

Tage 7